# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District

Rapides Parish, Louisiana

December 31, 2004

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 7-13-05

# **Table of Contents**

	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report		1-2
Required Supplemental Information - Part I		
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3-9
Basic Financial Statements		10
Government-Wide Financial Statements		11
Statement of Net Assets	Α	12
Statement of Activities	В	13
Fund Financial Statements		14
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	С	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	_	
Statement of Net Assets	D	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	_	
Fund Baiances - Governmental Funds	Е	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	_	• • •
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the		
Statement of Activities	F	18
Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	G	19
Notes to Basic Financial Statements		20-31
Required Supplemental Information - Part IISchedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund		32
Balance – Budgets and Actual		
General Fund	Н	33
Title IV-D Fund	l	34
Supplemental Information		35
General Fund		
Balance Sheet	J-1	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balance - Final Budget and Actual	J-2	37-38
Special Revenue Fund - Title IV-D Fund		
Balance Sheet	K-1	39
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balance - Final Budget and Actual	K-2	40

# **Table of Contents**

	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Agency Funds		42
Fiduciary Fund Types – All Agency Funds – Combining Balance Sheet Fiduciary Fund Types – All Agency Funds – Combining Statement of	L-1	43
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	L-2	44
Other Report Required by Government Auditing		
Standards		45
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements		
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards		46-48
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		49-51
Management's Corrective Action Plan		52
Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		53



# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable James C. Downs
District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District
Rapides Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District, Rapides Parish, Louisiana, a component unit of the Rapides Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District Attorney's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District, Rapides Parish, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2005, on our consideration of the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



1419 METRO DRIVE . P.D. BOX 13200 . ALEXANDRIA, LA 71315-3200



The Honorable James C. Downs District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information labeled "Required Supplemental Information" in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District's basic financial statements. The information labeled as "Supplemental Information" in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Payre, Moore & Herrington, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

May 27, 2005

Required Supplemental Information – Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following discussion and analysis of the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activity for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2004. The analysis should give the reader a snapshot of the financial health of the District Attorney as of that date and an indication of the strengths and weaknesses for the next few years. GASB Statement 34 was adopted for the previous year so a comparative analysis is available.

### UNDERSTANDING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes or explanations to those financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Government-Wide Financial Statements provide a broad view of the District Attorney's operations. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the District Attorney's financial statements, report information on the District Attorney as a whole and its activities in a manner which is similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets and liabilities, and are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the District Attorney's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the District Attorney's assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the District Attorney's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The net assets related to capital assets and related long-term debt are shown separate on the Statement of Net Assets, because those net assets are not readily available for use in the operations of the District Attorney's Office.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District Attorney's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods, such as earned but unused vacation leave.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the governmental activities of the District Attorney. All of the District Attorney's services are reported here, including general prosecution, child support and debt service.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

### **Fund Financial Statements**

### Government Funds

The District Attorney's fund financial statements follow the Government-Wide statements and provide detailed information about the District Attorney's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. All of the District Attorney's services are reported in governmental funds which focus on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District Attorney's operations and the services it provides. The comparison of the budget to the actual expenditures is a financial tool used by the District Attorney in making financial decisions. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District Attorney's programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements. The largest part of these differences are related to reporting capital assets and related accumulated depreciation and long-term debt in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

### Fiduciary Funds

The District Attorney is the trustee, or fiduciary, for several agency funds. All of the District Attorney's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, which follows the fund financial statements. These activities have been excluded from the District Attorney's other financial statements because the District Attorney cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District Attorney is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements and are located after the basic financial statements.

### **CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

This is the second year the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities have been reported. Following is a comparison of the data from the previous year to the data in the current year.

		Net Assets						
	12/31/03	12/31/04	Inc.(Dec.)	%Inc. (Dec.)				
Current assets	501,868	483,923	(17,945)	(4%)				
Capital assets	543,596	<u>425,314</u>	(118,282)	(22%)				
Total Assets	1,045,464	909,237	(136,227)	(13%)				

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

	12/31/03	12/31/04	Inc.(Dec.)	%Inc. (Dec.)
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total Liabilities	200,366 <u>345,494</u> <u>545,860</u>	160,037 363,085 523,122	(40,329) 17,591 22,738	(20%) 5% (4%)
Net assets Invested in capital assets net of related debt (adjusted) Unrestricted Total Net Assets	303,473 121,008 424,481	300,314 <u>85,801</u> 386,115	(3,159) (35,207) (38,366)	(1%) <u>(29%)</u> (9%)
	···· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Change i	in Net Assets	
	12/31/03	12/31/04	Inc.(Dec.)	%Inc. (Dec.)
Program revenues Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues Interest earnings Miscellaneous Loss on disposal of assets Total Revenues	615,979 2,396,075 3,928 4,469 14,207 - 3,034,658	958,718 2,379,059 - 4,076 - (2,313) 3,339,540	342,739 (17,016) (3,928) (393) (14,207) (2,313) 304,882	56% (1%) (100%) (9%) (100%) (100%)
Functions/Program Expenses Current Judicial Judicial - child support Interest expense Total Expenses	2,525,163 684,925 <u>9,500</u> 3,219,588	2,659,773 710,296 <u>7,837</u> 3,377,906	134,610 25,371 (1,663) 158,318	(5%) (4%) <u>18%</u> 5%
Change in Net Assets	(184,930)	(38,366)	146,564	79%
Net Assets, Beginning of year (adj.)	609,411	424,481	_(184,930)	30%
Net Assets, End of Year	424,481	386,115	(38,366)	(9%)

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

### ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District Attorney as a whole and about its activities in a way that reports on how the whole entity performed financially. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the District Attorney's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the District Attorney's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the District Attorney's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District Attorney's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial facts, however, such as changes in the District Attorney's judicial caseload and number of individuals participating in the pretrial intervention program, to assess the overall health of the District Attorney.

The entity as a whole lost \$38,366 in 2004. This is a 9% decrease in net assets. There was also a loss in the prior year. These losses are a result of losing the administrative fee from the child support grant. However, an increase in fines and costs collections made this loss considerably smaller than last year, and these collections should increase in 2005. There is not enough in the unrestricted assets to sustain a continued similar deficit in future years. The District Attorney has obtained additional grants for the next fiscal year resulting in excess budgeted revenues over budgeted expenditures for 2005.

Unrestricted net assets - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without contraints established by debt covernants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - is \$85,801 at the end of the year.

Operating grants and contributions (\$2.4 million) represents 72% of total revenues. \$1.5 million of contributions represents on-behalf payments for salary and related benefits paid by the Rapides Parish Police Jury and the State of Louisiana. The District Attorney has obtained two additional warrants for Assistant District Attorneys from the State of Louisiana effective August 1, 2005. The District Attorney could not operate without this financial assistance. The Rapides Parish Police Jury also provides office space in the district courthouse for the District Attorney and some of his employees.

### SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND CHANGES IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

There is a loss of \$36,536 in the General Fund for 2004. As discussed earlier, the District Attorney has obtained additional grants for 2005 to avoid a deficit for next year.

The General Fund has an accumulated fund balance of \$104,000 as of December 31, 2004. About \$89,000 has been set aside (designated) to pay off the debt on a building.

The Title IV-D Fund usually breaks close to even since it reports on a reimbursable grant related to child support. However, in 2004, the money expended in the IV-D program exceeded the three year contract amount, creating a \$26,000 loss that the General Fund had to cover.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

### **BUDGET VARIATIONS IN GENERAL FUND**

The District Attorney adopts its own budget without including on-behalf payments, and then adds the Rapides Parish Police Jury and State of Louisiana budget amounts for the on-behalf payments to get its budget amounts included in these financial statements.

An original budget was adopted and one amended budget was adopted later in the year once it was noticed that the revenues and expenditures were not materializing the same as the budgeted amounts. The original budget showed a \$43,000 excess in revenues, while the amended budget showed a \$20,000 excess in revenues.

Expenditures remained virtually the same except for an increase in salaries of \$47,000. Actual expenditures came in \$10,000 over actual revenues. In addition, \$26,456 was transferred to the Title IV-D Fund from the General Fund to cover unreimbursed expenditures of the Title IV-D Fund.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2004, the District Attorney had \$425,000 invested in a building, vehicles and office equipment. This amount represents a 21% decrease from last year due to depreciation amounts for 2004, and due to a purging of the inventory control program of all furniture and equipment which had been placed out of service due to age and use.

# Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation December 31, 2004

Buildings and improvements	\$ 308,910
Office equipment and furnishings	59,799
Vehicles	56, <u>605</u>
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 425,314

### Debt

At the end of 2004, the District Attorney had outstanding certificates of indebtedness relating to the building it owns in the amount of \$125,000. During 2004, \$40,000 was paid in principal payments. Monies in the amount of \$66,000 were deposited this year into a separate account to make payments on this debt.

# CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS EXPECTED TO HAVE A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON NEXT YEAR AND BEYOND

The child support enforcement contract for the Title IV-D fund has been approved for the fiscal period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005, and is expected to be approved for the fiscal year July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006, with a slight increase over the current contract amount.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Additional grants and warrants from the State of Louisiana will be obtained to assist in payment of salaries and related benefits to employees and other operating costs. There should be an increase in the bond fees, driver's license reinstatement fees and worthless check collections in future years. Budgeted revenues cover budgeted expenditures for 2005.

The District Attorney will receive the final installment of approximately \$55,000 for the cost of prosecution of an environmental crime, as well as \$50,000 for the prosecution of a gambling crime.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the District Attorney's finances and to show the District Attorney's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Attorney's Finance Officer, Paula Brady, at P. O. Drawer 1472, Alexandria, LA 71309.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Statement of Net Assets Governmental Activities December 31, 2004

		Exhibit A
Assets		
Cash		\$ 108,498
Certificates of deposit		97,048
Receivables		261,486
Interest receivable		383
Prepaid expenses		16,508
Capital assets, net of depreciation		
Depreciable		
Buildings and improvements	308,910	
Equipment and furniture	59,799	
Vehicles	56,605	 425,314
Total Assets		909,237
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		363,085
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year		
Compensated absences	35,037	
Due in more than one year		
Certificate of indebtedness	125,000	160,037
Total Liabilities		 523,122
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		300,314
Unrestricted		85,801
<u>Total Net Assets</u>		\$ 386,115

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Statement of Activities Governmental Activities Year Ended December 31, 2004

### **Exhibit B**

			Program	n Rev	enues	Rev Ch	(Expense) renue and anges in rt Assets
	E	Expenses	arges for ervices	G	Operating trants and intributions		ernmental ctivities
Functions/Programs			 				
General government - judicial General government - judicial - Title IV-D	\$	2,659,773 710,296	\$ 958,718 -	\$	1,675,923 703,136	\$	(25,132) (7,160)
Interest on long-term debt Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,837 3,377,906	\$ 958,718	\$	2,379,059		(7,837) (40,129)
General Revenues							
Investment earnings							4,076
Loss on disposal of assets							(2,313)
Total General Revenues							1,763
Change in Net Assets							(38,366)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year							499,604
<b>Prior Period Adjustment - Correction of</b>	Егго	r					(75,123)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year as Adjus	ted						424,481
Net Assets, End of Year						\$	386,115

**Fund Financial Statements** 

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2004

# Exhibit C

					_	Total
	Gen	eral Fund	Title	IV-D Fund		ernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$	106,394	\$	2,104	\$	108,498
Certificates of deposit		97,048		-		97,048
Receivables		123,610		113,048		236,658
Interest receivable		383		-		383
Interfund receivables		43,999				43,999
<u>Total Assets</u>	\$	371,434	\$	115,152	\$	486,586
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	267,104	\$	95,981	\$	363,085
Interfund payables		_		19,171		19,171
Total Liabilities		267,104		115,152		382,256
Fund balances						
Unreserved						
Designated		88,875		-		88,875
Undesignated		15,455				15,455
Total Fund Balances		104,330				104,330
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	371,434	\$	115,152	\$	486,586

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004

	Exhibit D
Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 104,330
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in this fund financial statement but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	425,314
Some liabilities, (such as long-term compensated absences and long-term debt), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	(160,037)
Costs incurred which benefit more than one period are recorded as an expenditure in the fund financial statement when paid. The portion relating to the next fiscal year is reported as prepaid expenses in the Statement of Net Assets.	 16,508
Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets	\$ 386,115

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2004

### Exhibit E

						Total
					Gov	vernmental
		neral Fund	Title	IV-D Fund	Funds	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,730,261	\$	703,136	\$	2,433,397
Fees, commissions, and fines		570,912		-		570,912
Charges for services		180,678		-		180,678
Rentals, leases, and royalties		30,000		-		30,000
Investment earnings		4,011		65		4,076
Miscellaneous		152,790		-		152,790
Total Revenues		2,668,652		703,201		3,371,853
Expenditures						
Current						
General government - judicial		2,628,678		-		2,628,678
General government - judicial- Title IV-D		· · · -		<b>729</b> ,657		729,657
Capital outlay		2,217		· <u>-</u>		2,217
Debt service						
Principal		40,000		_		40,000
Interest and other charges		7,837		_		7,837
Total Expenditures		2,678,732		729,657		3,408,389
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		(10,080)		(26,456)		(36,536)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		_		26,456		26,456
Transfers out		(26,456)		· -		(26,456)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(26,456)		26,456		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(36,536)		-		(36,536)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<del></del>	140,866				140,866
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	104,330	\$		\$	104,330

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Exhibit F
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (36,536)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which depreciation expense, \$43,063, exceeded capital outlays, \$2,217, in the current period.	(40,846)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the asset sold.	(2,313)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats the issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	40,000
Governmental funds report expenditures for compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) as the amounts are actually paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities recognizes these operating expenses as the amounts are earned during the year. This is the (increase) decrease in vacation and sick leave accrued.	329
Governmental funds recognize prepaid costs as an expenditure when paid. In contract, the Statement of Activities allocates prepaid expenses over the period for which the expense is related. This is the increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses.	 1,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (38,366)

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2004

# Exhibit G

	Age	ncy Funds
Assets		
Cash	\$	186,029
Seized vehicles		50,695
Jewelry and other seized assets		1,107
Total Assets	\$	237,831
Liabilities		
Interfund payables	\$	24,828
Amount held for others	<u> </u>	213,003
Total Liabilities	\$	237,831

**Notes to Basic Financial Statements** 

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

# 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the District Attorney's accounting policies are described below.

# Reporting Entity

As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the District Attorney has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state in his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, and is the legal advisor to the grand jury. He performs other duties as provided by law. The District Attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years.

In evaluating how to define the District Attorney for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Generally, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials or appointed board members of the primary government are financially accountable. Some of the criteria considered under "legally separate organization" are: the capacity for the organization to have its own name; the right for the organization to sue and be sued in its own name without recourse to the primary government; and the right to buy, sell, lease, and mortgage property in its own name. Some of the criteria used to consider "financially accountable" include: appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body; ability for primary government to impose its will on the organization; whether the organization has the potential to provide specific financial benefits to, or improve specific financial burdens on the primary government; and fiscal dependence of the organization. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no component units of the District Attorney.

The District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District is a part of the district court system of the State of Louisiana. However, the District Attorney operates autonomously from the State of Louisiana and independently from the district court system. The District Attorney does, however, rely upon the Rapides Parish Police Jury for facility space and certain other costs. Therefore, under GAAP and guidelines issued by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the District Attorney is considered a component unit of the Rapides Parish Police Jury. This report only includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent upon the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District.

# **Basis of Presentation**

The District Attorney's Basic Financial Statements consist of Government-Wide Financial Statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities, and Fund Financial Statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** – The Government-Wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the District Attorney as a whole.

Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the Fund Financial Statement level. Individual funds are not displayed. The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the governmental activities at year-end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District Attorney's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The District Attorney does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the District Attorney's services; (2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational activities of a function; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is to which functions the revenues are restricted. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues, which include interest and other unrestricted revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District Attorney.

Fund Financial Statements – The financial transactions of the District Attorney are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with legal and contractual provisions.

Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types are used by the District Attorney's office:

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (Special Revenue Funds). The Fund Financial Statements report financial information by major funds and non-major funds. However, there are no non-major funds at this time. The following Governmental Funds are considered major funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is used to account for the twelve percent (12%) commission on fines collected, the thirty percent (30%) commission on bonds forfeited, the twenty percent (20%) commission on forfeited assets, the twenty-five (25%) commission from the Louisiana Commissioner of Insurance, the \$10 commission on court costs, certain grants not accounted for in a special revenue fund, legal fees received from other governmental units, fees for collection on worthless checks, and pretrial intervention income, and to account for resources traditionally associated with the District Attorney which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

**Title IV-D Fund – Special Revenue Fund –** The Title IV-D Fund is used to account for expenditure and subsequent receipt of reimbursement grants from the Louisiana Department of Social Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975 to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. The purpose of this fund is to account for the operations in enforcement of the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. The District Attorney accounts for its agency funds in this category. Agency funds consist of the Restitution Fund, Worthless Checks Fund, Special Asset Forfeiture Trust Fund, and the Bond Forfeiture Fund. They consist of monies deposited for restitution to victims of certain crimes, payment of worthless checks, money and property seized in illegal activities, and forfeited bonds. Disbursements from the various funds are made to the appropriate agencies, litigants, merchants, and others as prescribed by statute.

# Basis of Accounting/ Measurement Focus

# Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when incurred.

### **Fund Financial Statements (FFS)**

Governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for government funds.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the Fund Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the District Attorney's office. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

### **Governmental Funds**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All governmental fund types and agency funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available).

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Commissions on fines, bond forfeitures, and court costs are considered "measurable" when in the hands of the collecting government agencies and are recognized as revenue at that time. Grants are recorded when the District Attorney is entitled to the funds. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

The District Attorney has four agency funds. Unlike other types of funds, agency funds report only assets and liabilities. Therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus; however, they use the modified accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

### **Budgets**

The District Attorney's General Fund and Special Revenue Fund budgets are adopted as part of the Rapides Parish Police Jury budget. Any amendments are made by the District Attorney. The budgeted amounts are prepared on a cash basis of accounting. Adjustments necessary to convert the budget information to the modified accrual basis are considered immaterial. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

### Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Cash includes amounts on hand as well as amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits. Certificates of deposit include time deposits with a maturity in excess of 90 days when purchased. Under state law, the District Attorney may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with banks organized under Louisiana law, or any other state in the United States of America, or under laws of the United States of America. Certificates of deposit are stated at fair value.

### Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These interfund receivables/payables are eliminated for reporting in the Statement of Net Assets.

# **Prepaid Expenses**

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, prepaid amounts for insurance and dues are reported as prepaid expenses since the expense benefits the next fiscal year. In the Fund Financial Statements, these items are recorded as expenditures when paid.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

### Capital Assets

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not known. Donated assets, if any, are valued at estimated fair market value on date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. A capitalization threshold of \$300 has been adopted for reporting purposes.

General fixed assets provided by the Rapides Parish Police Jury are not recorded on the financial statements of the District Attorney.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized.

In the Fund Financial Statements, general fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisitions are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. No provision is made for depreciation on general fixed assets in the Fund Financial Statements since the full cost is expensed at the time of purchase.

# **Compensated Absences**

Full-time employees of the District Attorney earn 15 days of annual leave and 18 days of sick leave each year. Annual leave can be accumulated and carried over up to a maximum of 20 days. Upon termination or retirement, all accumulated sick leave lapses while accumulated annual leave is paid. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

An expense and a liability for compensated absences are recognized as the annual leave is earned in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Leave time accumulated by employees of the General Fund is mainly the responsibility of the Rapides Parish Police Jury. The amount reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements represents the estimated liability attributable to the employees of the Special Revenue Fund and a portion of the estimated liability attributable to the employees paid through the General Fund.

No accrued current expenditures are reported in the Fund Financial Statements since such amounts are considered immaterial.

### Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are not reported in the Balance Sheet for the Fund Financial Statements. Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund in the Fund Financial Statements. All liabilities, including long-term debt, are included on the face of the Statement of Net Assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Interest expense on long-term debt is recognized in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

### **Net Assets**

Net Assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In cases where the District Attorney receives restricted and unrestricted monies for the same purpose, the restricted monies are used first.

### **Fund Equity**

Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

# **Interfund Transactions**

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Interfund balances are eliminated in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

At December 31, 2004, the District Attorney had cash and certificates of deposits as follows:

Cash – Governmental Funds	\$ 108,498
Cash – Fiduciary Funds	186,029
Certificates of deposit – Governmental Funds	97,048
·	\$ 391,575

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District Attorney's deposits (demand deposits and certificates of deposit) was \$391,575. The bank balances totaled \$643,380, including certificates of deposit, and are categorized as follows:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	Certificates	
	Funds	<u> </u>	of Deposit	Total
Insured (federal deposit insurance)	\$ 253,356	\$ 63,131	\$ 8,054	\$ 324,541
Collateralized (Category !)	<u>177,067</u>	52,778	88,994	318,839
, ,	\$ 430,423	\$ 115,909	\$ 97,048	\$ 643,380

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the agent bank.

### 3. Receivables

Grants	\$ 134,167
LACE reimbursements	11,598
Due from other governmental entities	35,893
Cost of prosecution	55,000
Other	 24,828
	\$ 261,486

### 4. Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	
General Fund	Title IV-D Fund	\$ 19,171
General Fund	Restitution Fund	2,641
General Fund	Worthless Checks Fund	2,882
General Fund	Special Asset Forfeiture Trust Fund	19,121
General Fund	Bond Forfeiture Fund	 184
		\$ 43,999

Balances at year-end result from transfers made by the General Fund to Title IV-D Fund for costs not yet reimbursed by the Title IV-D grant and routine timing differences between the dates that receipts are incurred and reimbursements are made from the various Fiduciary Funds.

Transfer In	Transfer Out	
Title IV-D Fund	General Fund	\$ 26,456

Transfers were made to the Title IV-D Fund for expenditures incurred over the maximum Title IV-D grant contract amount.

# 5. Capital Assets

	J	lanuary 1,	٨	dditions	r	) oduations	De	cember 31,
Governmental Activities		2004	A(	<u>iditions</u>	<u> </u>	eductions		2004
Buildings and improvements	\$	374,182	\$		\$		\$	374,182
Equipment and furniture		522,876		2,217		(161,759)		363,334
Vehicles		134,087						134,087
Total Capital Assets		1,031,145		2,217		(161,759)		871,603

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

Less		_ 	anuary 1, 2004	A	Additions		Deductions	De	cember 31, 2004
E E	Accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Equipment and furniture /ehicles Total Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, Net  Depreciation expense was charg	 \$ jed 1	55,917 437,814 68,941 562,672 468,473 to functions	 \$ as fo	9,355 25,167 <u>8,541</u> <u>43,063</u> (40,846)	<del></del>	(159,446) (159,446) (2,313)	<del></del>	65,272 303,535 77,482 446,289 425,314
	Governmental Activities General Government - Judicia General Government - Judicia Total Depreciation Expense for C	al — '		ctiviti	ies			\$ <del>\$</del>	30,090 12,973 43,063
6.	Changes in Agency Funds								
	Restitution Worthless Checks Special Asset Forfeiture Trust Bond Forfeiture	\$ \$	anuary 1, 2004 14,026 3,997 239,106 500 257,629	\$ \$	57,648 645,121 194,916 2,000 899,685	<u> </u>	Deductions (53,394) (637,647) (228,192) (250) (919,483)	\$ \$	2004 18,280 11,471 205,830 2,250 237,831
7.	Long-Term Liabilities								
	Balance, beginning of year Additions Deductions Balance, end of year						npensated Absences 35,366 37,085 (37,414) 35,037		rtificates of ebtedness 165,000 (40,000) 125,000
	Due within one year Due in more than one year					\$	<u>35,037</u> -	\$	125,000

### Certificate Of Indebtedness

On January 6, 1998, a certificate of indebtedness in the amount of \$360,000 was issued for the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District to finance the purchase and improvements to a building on Murray Street in Alexandria. The debt is to be repaid with excess General Fund revenues. The interest rate is 4.75% per annum. Interest is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 1998. Principal is payable in annual installments between \$30,000 and \$45,000 on January 1 of each year commencing January 1, 1999.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificate of indebtedness, including interest of \$12,113, are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal_	 nterest	Total
2005	\$	\$ 2,969	\$ 2,969
2006	40,000	4,988	44,988
2007	40,000	3,087	43,087
2008	<u>45,000</u>	 1,069	 46,069
	\$ 125,000	\$ 12.113	\$ 137.113

# 8. Prior Period Adjustment

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include a prior period adjustment decreasing net assets by \$75,123 to correctly record depreciation on capital assets from prior periods.

# 9. Designated Fund Balance

The District Attorney transfers \$5,500 per month to the Judicial Enforcement District account to be used to pay the principal and interest related to the certificate of indebtedness. The amount shown in the governmental funds balance sheet as designated fund balance represents the amount remaining in the Judicial Enforcement District account at year-end after subtracting the payment for the interest and principal on the certificate of indebtedness due in January.

# 10. Lease and Rental Commitments

The District Attorney has entered into an operating lease for copy equipment used in the Title IV-D program. The lease expires in October 2006 and has a monthly lease payment of \$313. Total equipment lease expense for 2004 was \$3,756.

The General Fund charges rent to the Title IV-D program on a monthly basis for their use of facility space. The Title IV-D Fund pays \$2,500 per month. This transaction is eliminated in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Under the terms of the equipment operating lease at December 31, 2004, future minimum lease payment requirements are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	 <u>Amount</u>
2005	\$ 3,756
2006	 3,129
	\$ 6,885

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

### 11. Pension Plans

The District Attorney and Assistant District Attorneys are members of the District Attorney's Retirement System. Secretaries and other employees of the District Attorney's office are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, Plan A. These retirement systems are multiple employer, statewide retirement systems which are administered by separate boards of trustees. The contributions of participating agencies are pooled within each system to pay the accrued benefits of their respective participants. The contribution rates are approved by the Louisiana Legislature. At December 31, 2004, the District Attorney had employees covered by the District Attorney's Retirement System and employees covered by the Parochial Employees Retirement System, Plan A.

Under the District Attorney's Retirement System, covered employees are required to contribute seven percent (7%) of their salary. The District Attorney and most Assistant District Attorneys participate. Effective July 1, 2004 the employer contribution rate is three and 75/100 percent (3.75%). The District Attorney's Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the District Attorney's Retirement System. That report may be obtained by writing to District Attorney's Retirement System, 506 Frenchmen's Street, New Orleans, LA 70190.

Under the Parochial Employees Retirement System, Plan A, employees who retire after thirty (30) years of creditable service regardless of age, twenty-five (25) years of creditable service and at least fifty-five (55) years of age, or ten (10) years of creditable service and at least sixty (60) years of age are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to three percent (3%) of their average compensation for any thirty-six (36) months of consecutive service in which their compensation was highest, multiplied by their years of creditable service. Benefits fully vest upon reaching five (5) years of service. The Parochial Employees Retirement System also provides death and disability benefits. Covered employees are required to contribute nine and one-half percent (9.5%) of their salary to this plan while the employer contributes eleven and 75/100 percent (11.75%). Employer contributions under this plan for covered employees are made one hundred percent (100%) by the District Attorney's office for Title IV-D program employees and only partially by the District Attorney's office for all other employees. All such employees during the year ended December 31, 2004, were covered by the Parochial Employees Retirement System.

The Parochial Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Parochial Employees Retirement System, Plan A. That report may be obtained by writing to Parochial Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, LA 70898-4619.

Most pension expenditures of the District Attorney's office are paid by the Rapides Parish Criminal Court Fund and the Rapides Parish Police Jury, except employees working in the Title IV-D program. The District Attorney records pension expenditures when paid to these retirement systems. The pension contributions, which are equal to the required contributions, for the last three years are as follows:

	Title IV-D Program	•	Other
<u>Year</u>	Employees	En	nployees
2002	\$ 25,107	\$	21,975
2003	24,057		25,553
2004	42,772		50,343

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

# 12. On-Behalf Payments

The accompanying financial statements include on-behalf payments made by the Rapides Parish Police Jury, its Criminal Court Fund, and the State of Louisiana to the District Attorney's office for salaries and related fringe benefits, as required by GASB Statement No. 24 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance.

Rapides Parish Police Jury (RPPJ) General Fund	\$	557,398
Rapides Parish Police Jury Criminal Court Fund		965,009
Less: Amount paid to RPPJ as reimbursement by the District Attorney		(370,272)
Net amount paid by RPPJ	•	1,152,135
State of Louisiana		427,65 <u>5</u>
	\$	1 579 790

# 13. Expenditures of the District Attorney Not Included in the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain other expenditures paid by the Rapides Parish Police Jury General Fund and Criminal Court Fund. These expenditures are summarized as follows:

Dues and subscriptions	\$	175
Telephone		15,078
Equipment maintenance		27,467
Professional fees		2,732
Auto insurance		9,266
Office supplies		45,172
Office equipment purchase		2,325
Non-inventory equipment		10,371
Travel		5,000
Library materials	<u></u>	39,757
	\$	157.343

Also, the capital assets used by the District Attorney that are purchased with the Rapides Parish Police Jury's money are reported in the Police Jury's financial statements. Capital assets purchased with the District Attorney's General Fund or Title IV-D Fund revenues are reported in the District Attorney's financial statements.

# 14. Risk Management

The District Attorney is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, or damage and destruction of assets. The Rapides Parish Police Jury carries commercial insurance coverage on some assets. No claims from these risks have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

### 15. Concentration of Risk

As detailed in Note 1, the District Attorney's office receives a substantial portion of its operating revenue from the Rapides Parish Police Jury's General Fund and Criminal Court Fund and is considered a component unit of the Rapides Parish Police Jury.

Required Supplemental Information – Part II

### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgets and Actual General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit H

	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	1,831,986	\$	1,807,304	\$	1,730,261	\$	(77,043)	
Fees, commissions, and fines		585,350		576,700		570,912		(5,788)	
Charges for services		185,300		173,300		180,678		7,378	
Investment earnings		1,450		1,900		4,011 30,000		2,111 30,000	
Rentals, leases, and royalties Miscellaneous		102,500		171,400		30,000 152,790		(18,610)	
Total Revenues		2,706,586		2,730,604		2,668,652		(61,952)	
Expenditures Current									
General government - judicial		2,624,784		2,671,342		2.628.678		42,664	
Capital outlay		3,000		3,272		2,020,078		1.055	
Debt service		5,000		0,272		2,211		1,000	
Principal		36,000		36,000		40,000		(4,000)	
Interest and other charges		-		-		7 837		(7,837)	
Total Expenditures		2,663,784		2,710,614	_	2,678,732		31,882	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over		<del></del>		<del>"</del> _		<del></del>			
Expenditures		42,802		19,990		(10,080)		(30,070)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out						(26,456)		(26,456)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(26,456)		(26,456)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		42,802		19,990		(36,536)		(56,526)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		140,866		140,866		140,866			
Fund Balances, End of Year	_\$	183,668	\$	160,856	\$	104,330	<u> </u>	(56,526)	

See independent auditor's report.

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgets and Actual Title IV-D Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit I

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	687,400	\$	701,350	\$	703,136	\$	1,786
Investment earnings				-		65		65
Total Revenues		687,400		701,350		703,201		1,851
Expenditures								
Current								
General government - judicial - Title IV-D		679,400		687,100		729,657		(42,557)
Capital outlay	_	8,000		14,250				14,250
Total Expenditures		687,400		701,350		729,657		(28,307)
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures		<u>-</u>				(26,456)		(26,456)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		-		-		26,456		26,456
Total Other Financing Sources				-		26,456		26,456
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		-		-	<del></del> ,	-		<u> </u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	

**Supplemental Information** 

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana General Fund Balance Sheet December 31, 2004

	E	Exhibit J-1
Assets		
Cash	\$	106,394
Certificates of deposit		97,048
Receivables		
Grant		21,120
Reimbursement of LACE disbursements		11,598
Due from Rapides Parish Police Jury		9,500
Other governmental units		26,392
Other receivables		55,000
Interest receivable		383
Interfund receivable from Title IV-D Fund		19,171
Interfund receivable from Agency Funds		
Restitution Fund		2,641
Worthless Checks Fund		2,882
Special Asset Forfeiture Trust Fund		19,121
Bond Forfeiture Fund		184
Total Assets	\$	371,434
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	267,104
Accounts payable	Ψ	201,101
Fund Balances - Unreserved		
Designated		88,875
Undesignated		15,455
Total Fund Balances		104,330
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	371,434

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana General Fund

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Final Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit J-2 (Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Revenues	<del></del>		
Intergovernmental revenue			
Grant revenue	\$ 102,400	\$ 79,531	\$ (22,869)
Driver's license fees	10,300	8,838	(1,462)
Legal fees	45,500	45,500	-
Operating support from			
Rapides Parish Police Jury (RPPJ)	24,000	16,602	(7,398)
On-behalf payments made by governmental entities	1,625,104	1,579,790	(45,314)
Fines and forfeitures			
Commissions on fines, bond forfeitures,			
court costs, and asset forfeitures	393,400	389,945	(3,455)
Pretrial intervention income	183,300	180,967	(2,333)
Charges for services			
Worthless checks collection fees	173,300	180,678	7,378
Lease income - Title IV-D Fund	-	30,000	30,000
Investment earnings	1,900	4,011	2,111
Miscellaneous	171,400	152,790	(18,610)
Total Revenues	2,730,604	2,668,652	(61,952)
Expenditures			
Current - general government - judicial			
Salaries and related benefits	517,696	524,533	(6,837)
Operating support to Criminal Court Fund	369,180	370,272	(1,092)
On-behalf payments made by governmental entities	1,625,104	1,579,790	45,314
Local agency compensated enforcement funding (LACE)	20,983	19,139	1,844
Contract services	11,000	11,045	(45)
Insurance	32,400	20,079	12,321
Professional fees	16,783	16,783	-
Travel and seminars	16,400	21,277	(4,877)
Office maintenance	950	1,946	(996)
Vehicle maintenance	14,100	14,086	14
Office supplies	10,376	11,366	(990)
Utilities	3,600	3,407	193
Dues and subscriptions	31,100	32,152	(1,052)
Miscellaneous	1, <u>6</u> 70	2,803	(1,133)
Total General Government	2,671,342	2,628,678	42,664

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana General Fund

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Final Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit J-2 (Concluded)

	Fina! Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Capital outlay - equipment	\$ 3,272	\$ 2,217	\$ 1,055
Debt service			
Principal	36,000	40,000	(4,000)
Interest	,	7,837	(7,837)
Total Debt Service	36,000		(11,837)
Total Expenditures	2,710,614		31,882
Total Experiatares	2,110,014	2,010,102	01,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	19,990	(10,080)	(30,070)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out			
Title IV-D Fund	-	(26,456)	(26,456)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	19,990	(36,536)	(56,526)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	140,866	140,866	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 160,856	\$ 104,330	\$ (56,526)

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Special Revenue Fund - Title IV-D Fund Balance Sheet December 31, 2004

A 4-	E	xhibit K-1
Cash Assets	\$	2,104
Intergovernmental receivable Grant		113,048
<u>Total Assets</u>	\$	115,152
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities  Accounts payable Interfund payable to General Fund Total Liabilities	\$	95,981 19,171 115,152
Fund Balance - Unreserved - Undesignated <u>Total Liabilities and Fund Balance</u>		115,152

# District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Special Revenue Fund - Title IV-D Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Final Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit K-2

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental revenue			
Grant revenue	<b>0</b> 704.050		A (0.775)
Title IV-D Program	\$ 701,350	\$ 692,575	\$ (8,775)
Operating support from Criminal Court Fund	-	10,561	10,561
Investment earnings	704.050	65	65
Total Revenues	701,350	703,201	1,851
Expenditures			
Current - general government - judicial - Title IV-D			
Salaries and related benefits	598,700	649,754	(51,054)
Contract services	-	1,040	(1,040)
Travel and seminars	13,000	6,040	6,960
Office supplies	4,000	5,836	(1,836)
Telephone	7,000	4,993	2,007
Utilities	5,600	4,937	663
Rent	36,000	30,000	6,000
Insurance	8,500	8,300	200
Dues and subscriptions	1,200	315	885
Building and maintenance	3,300	468	2,832
Parent locate services	300	45	255
Equipment lease	3,500	3,756	(256)
Professional fees	4,500	6,129	(1,629)
Library costs	1,500	5,927	(4,427)
Miscellaneous		2,117	(2,117)
Total General Government	687,100	729,657	(42,557)
Capital outlay	14,250	-	14,250
Total Expenditures	701,350	729,657	(28,307)
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	-	(26,456)	(26,456)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in			
General Fund	<u> </u>	26,456	26,456
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures	<del>.</del>	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>

#### **Agency Funds**

**Restitution Fund** - To account for the collection and ultimate disposition of funds charged by a judge to be paid to victims of certain crimes as restitution for the crime. The funds are disbursed according to court orders once a case has been fully appealed and finalized.

**Worthless Checks Fund** - To account for funds collected by the District Attorney's office on behalf of merchants from customers writing checks on accounts with insufficient funds.

**Special Asset Forfeiture Trust Fund** - To account for assets seized under Louisiana Revised Statute 40:2600, which is entitled "Seizure and Controlled Substances Property Forfeiture Act of 1989." Under this act, assets purchased with money received from illegal controlled substances activity may be seized. Once forfeiture is legally determined, the seized assets are divided between the following agencies: sixty percent (60%) to the law enforcement seizing agency; twenty percent (20%) to the Criminal Court Fund; and twenty percent (20%) to the District Attorney General Fund.

**Bond Forfeiture Fund** - To account for the collection and disbursement of forfeited bonds resulting from a defendant not appearing for a required scheduled court appearance.

District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Fiduciary Fund Types - All Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2004

Exhibit L-1

			Special Asset		
	Restitution Fund	Worthless Checks Fund	Forfeiture Trust Fund	Bond Forfeiture Fund	Total
Assets Cash Seized vehicles Jewelry and other seized assets	\$ 18,280	\$ 11,471	\$ 154,028 50,695 1,107	\$ 2,250	\$ 186,029 50,695 1,107
Total Assets	\$ 18,280	\$ 11,471	\$ 205,830	\$ 2,250	\$ 237,831
<b>Liabilities</b> Interfund payables Amount held for others	\$ 2,641 15,639	\$ 2,882 8,589	\$ 19,121 186,709	\$ 184	\$ 24,828 213,003
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	\$ 18,280	\$ 11,471	\$ 205,830	\$ 2,250	\$ 237,831
See independent auditor's report.					

ک Total Assets

District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louislana Fiduciary Fund Types - All Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended December 31, 2004

Exhibit L-2

Special Asset Worthless Forfeiture Bond Checks Trust Forfeiture Fund Fund Total	\$ 3,997 \$ 239,106 \$ 500 \$ 257,629	2, 9, 5,	2,000 2,000 1,320 1,378 645,121 194,916 2,000 899,685	637,647 691,041	228,192     250     228,442       637,647     228,192     250     919,483	\$ 11,471 \$ 205,830 \$ 2,250 \$ 237,831
Restitution	\$ 14,026	57,590	58 57,648	53,394	53,394	\$ 18,280
	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions Collections for restitution Collections on worthless checks Receipts from asset forfeitures	Receipts from bond forfeitures Interest income Total Additions	Deductions Amounts paid to litigants, merchants, and General Fund Amounts paid to governmental units or	returned to defendant  Total Deductions	Balances, End of Year

Other Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards



#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable James C. Downs District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District, Rapides Parish, Louisiana, a component unit of the Rapides Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District Attorney's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2004-01.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However we consider the reportable condition item 2004-01 to be a material weakness.



The Honorable James C. Downs
District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District
Rapides Parish, Louisiana

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2004-01.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District Attorney, Louisiana Legislative Auditor, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statue 21:513, this report is in fact a public document.

Certified Public Accountants

Paper, Moore & Herrington, LLA

May 27, 2005

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs** 

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish,Louisiana Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2004

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?	<u>x</u> yes	no
Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	x none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	xyes	no
Management's Corrective Action Plan	See Attached	
Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	See Attached	
Memorandum of Other Comments and Recommendations	None Issued	
Federal Awards	Not Applicable	

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### Finding 2004-01 Controls over and Record Keeping of Capital Assets

<u>Criteria</u>: The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Controls are necessary in physical safeguarding of capital assets from unauthorized use and theft. LA R.S. 24:515 also provides compliance requirements relating to the record keeping of capital assets. The records should include information as to the date of purchase, the initial cost, the disposition, if any, the purpose of such disposition, and the recipient of the disposed asset.

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2004

<u>Condition</u>: The District Attorney did not perform a periodic physical inventory of all capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2004. Also, upon reviewing the fixed asset detail, the District Attorney's Office Administrator noted over \$161,000 in office equipment disposals. There were no detail records available to document the asset dispositions, i.e., the purpose of or the recipient of such dispositions. It was noted that many of the dispositions could have occurred in prior years, and the detail asset records never updated for such disposals.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District Attorney complete a physical inventory of all capital assets at least annually and maintain detail records on all asset dispositions.

Management's Response: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

#### District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2004

The District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Independent Public Accounting Firm: Payne, Moore & Herrington, LLP

PO Box 13200

Alexandria, LA 71315-3200

Auditee Contact Person: Mrs. Paula Brady

Office Administrator

District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District

318-473-6650

Audit Period: January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004

The findings from the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the Schedule.

#### **Reportable Conditions**

#### Finding 2004-01 Controls over and Record Keeping of Capital Assets

<u>Condition</u>: The District Attorney did not perform a periodic physical inventory of all capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2004. Also, upon reviewing the fixed asset detail, the District Attorney's Office Administrator noted over \$161,000 in office equipment disposals. There were no detail records available to document the asset dispositions, i.e., the purpose of or the recipient of such dispositions. It was noted that many of the dispositions could have occurred in prior years, and the detail asset records never updated for such disposals.

<u>Recommendation</u>: It was recommended that the District Attorney complete a physical inventory of all capital assets at least annually and maintain detail records on all asset dispositions.

<u>Action Taken</u>: A physical inventory of all property of the District Attorney has been done for each preceding year; however, this physical inventory was not done for 2004. The asset keeping program which we began using in 2004 had an abundance of office equipment and furnishings entered which should not have been entered since this equipment was 30 or more years old and had been placed out of service in prior years. The District Attorney is making another physical inventory of the office equipment, furnishings, vehicles, etc. and will make every effort to see that the current asset keeping program is complete and up to date.

## District Attorney of the Ninth Judicial District Rapides Parish, Louisiana Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2004

#### **Reportable Conditions**

#### Finding 2003-01 - Segregation of Duties

<u>Condition</u>: One of the most critical areas of separation of employee duties is cash. An instance was noted where an employee wrote the check, signed the check, and approved the payment for a check that was issued to that same employee.

Resolved.

#### Finding 2003-02 - Approval of Invoices

<u>Condition</u>: In the auditor's review of forty disbursements, they noted two checks that were issued without an approval noted by an authorized member of management. The person that normally approves the invoices was out of the office.

Resolved.

#### Finding 2003-03 – Asset Seizure Refund

<u>Condition:</u> Money was seized under Louisiana Revised Statute 40:2600 "Seizure and Controlled Substances Property Forfeiture Act of 1989". The Metro Narcotics unit held the seized money as evidence without turning it over to the District Attorney when it was seized. The District Attorney's office issued a refund check to the person that the money had been seized from on September 4, 2003. Metro Narcotics did not give the evidence money to the District Attorney until March 25, 2004. Therefore, someone else's money was used to cover this refund.

Resolved.

#### Finding 2003-04 – Sick and Annual Leave Records

<u>Condition:</u> The District Attorney has a sick and annual leave policy in place. Payroll records are not being kept on a timely basis for sick and annual leave. Information on how many hours an employee has of sick and annual leave was not figured for 2003 until we began our fieldwork for the audit. This could lead to an abuse of sick and annual leave by employees.

Resolved.